



DAHOON HOLLY

Ilex cassine

The native environment for Dahoon Holly is the boggy soils of our wetlands, although its use should not be restricted solely to this environment. Included on Florida's native tree list, the Dahoon Holly has proven to adapt well to harsh urban conditions where compacted soils and confined space are issues, as long as it is supplemented with irrigation. Its moderate tolerance for salt spray extends its discretionary use to coastal areas.

The multiple shapes and forms this tree can present further add to its use in our landscapes. Grown as a multi-trunk, the Dahoon Holly can serve as a full and tall, tightly clipped screen. It can also take a multi-trunk form, resembling a Crape Myrtle, to be enjoyed as a solitary specimen. Grown with a single trunk, either full to the ground or with a clear trunk, it is a great selection for lawns, median strips, sidewalks, planters or patios.



Dahoon Holly



Dahoon Holly berries and foliage

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65g Dahoon Holly

Native Origin: Southeastern United States including Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, also Puerto Rico

Development:

Michel Sallin
Cherry Lake Tree Farm, Groveland, Florida

Description:

Hardy Range: 7A to 11
Mature Height: 30' to 40' / 9.1m to 12.2m
Mature Spread: 15' to 20' / 4.6m to 6.1m
Growth Rate: 10 to 15 years to maturity
Form: Oval and pyramidal
Persistence: Evergreen

Ornamental Characteristics:

Flowers are inconspicuous with white blooms appearing in spring. Foliage is green with no change in fall. The fruit is red, fleshy, round, persistent, attractive, edible by birds and attracts animals.

Environment:

Soil: Clay, sand, loam; slightly alkaline, acidic; extended flooding; well-drained

Salt: Medium

Exposure: Partial sun to full sun



full sun



partial shade



medium salt tolerance



urban



wetness tolerant



drought tolerant



ornamental



evergreen

